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series of booklets will make the proph sage is one of the most frightening symbolic horse and rider. This mesecies of Revelation 6 come to life ahead in Bible prophecy! informed and prepared for what's in all of the Bible. You need to be culmination of the major crises with ably in the not-too-distant future. You will learn the significance of each which the world has been confronted Each represents the final, end-time famine and disease epidemics. This for centuries — false religion, war, upon a rebellious mankind - probmajor punishments to be inflicted disturbing vision of four fearsome horsemen is a symbol of the four horsemen (Rev. 6:1-8). Each of these In the book of Revelation we find a



THE WHILE HORSE

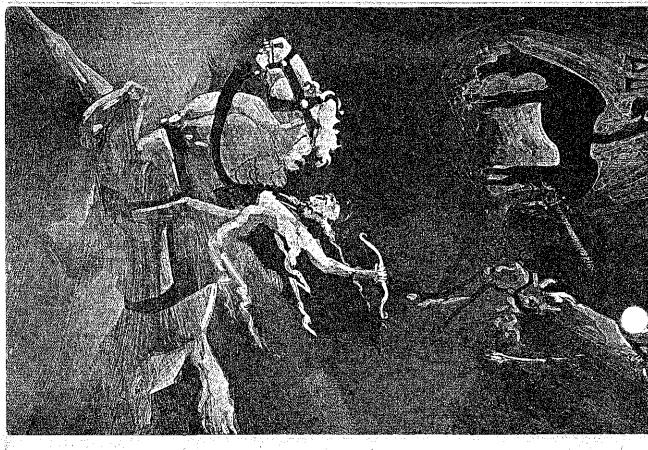


Illustration by Brian Knowles

by George Ritter

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A Religious World in Turmoir

office invoke the name of God in

Northern Ireland. continue to blight the face of mare of terrorist bombings that tim claimed by the long nightgrave. She is another tragic vicsob as the body of their mother iowered into a treshly dug lour small children

enraged tormentors. their windows, making no atpeople watch impassively from angry knot of men. Dozens of and mercilessly beaten by an Catholic girl is lashed to a post tempt to rescue her from her In Belfast, a young Romar

submachine gun and twelve innocent victims are cut down in evacuate a bus. With no warn der 25 Moslem travelers to the fusiliade of bullets. mg they open fire with a ebanon, a band of gunmen or-On the outskirts of Tripoli,

world continue to suffer from as millions of people around the the use of birth-control devices hunger, malnutrition and dishis church's age-old stand on In Rome, the Pope reaffirms

In Saudi Arabia, the govern-

vented by the enemies of that "birth control was infrom the World Moslem League traceptives following a decree ment bans the use of con-

Religion: Boon or Bane?

per-caste temple well. satisfy their thirst from an upbeen beaten for attempting to tinent. Nor does their ancient little to help the plight of miltimes "untouchables" have religious caste system. In recent living on the Indian subcon of the sacred cow certainly does instance, the Hindu veneration hazard to life and health. For tices can be (and are) a definite the world, such religious praclions of malnourished people To millions of people around

holy crusade against the zeal, and some were more than gious "hellfire and brimstone was imbued with a quasi-reli ready to take up the sword in a Many a militant Communist quarters, Mao was (and still is pages of Orwell's 1984. In many tionary revival had on the pact Chairman Mao's revolubook became the Chinese Bible tionary demigod; his little rec virtually worshiped as a revolu in a system right out of the lions of Chinese were enslaved peoples of the Far East. Mil.

Or consider the negative im-

capitalism. "decadent nations of Western

ployed by the ancient Greeks same process that was em areas of the world, prayer flags erty and deprivation. In some to as a guarantor of successfu the wall of the smelter is looked age of a local deity molded into techniques. Instead, a small im ual than a biological cleansing are thought to be more imporworld to lives of perpetual povpeople in the underdeveloped virtually condemned many millennia ago. No attempt has iron ore is smelted using the process. In the hills of Nepal more in terms of a religious riting water is often understood breaks of cholera. Boiling drink measures in combating out tant than health or sanitary been made to improve existing Religious superstitions have

Cure for Woes?

population adheres to some men have always thought of rechurch every Sunday, men in type of religious creed in one Today the bulk of the world's ment of the human condition force working for the bettersomewhat ironic. Traditionally Western Christians go to form or another. Millions ligion as a powerful To some, all this might seem positive 9

same precepts that were to Mecca, and Hindus and Budhanded down to their foredhists diligently practice the Moslems take their pilgrimages fathers generations ago. public ceremonies, faithful

continue to accelerate a no-win are either in a state of war, prereligiosity, though, the state of ease, malnutrition and poverty. population still lives under the and the majority of the world's are submerged in bloody coups ments rise and topple, leaders ominous shadow of famine, disnuclear arms race. Governfrom the last one. Major powers paring for war, deteriorate. Numerous nations the world's health continues to In spite of all this outward or recovering

mankind has lost sight of his many of mankind's present woes? cause rather than the cure for the other hand is religion the facing the human race? Or on the monumental problems now Would more religion be the an original religious convictions: Can man's religion help solve swer to humanity's problems Is all this occurring because

first laid the world's major religions was foundation of virtually all of the beginning and see how the questions, we need to go back to Before we can answer these

How Christianity Lost Sight of its Original Purpose

the wrong foot when they fel and Eve, started things off or ning of human existence. In all the way back to the beginshown a remarkable talent for gious con artist — Satan the fact, our first parents, Adam water. Deception in the field o getting itself into religious ho prey to the world's first relitaith and morals can be traced history, mankind has hroughout all of re

very religious-sounding mesalong what appeared to be a as an innocent-looking serpent. At the same time, he brought on as a "good guy" dressed up doomed to failure. So he came oroach was almost certainly mow that a direct, open ap-Satan was smart enough to

as gods, knowing good and evil" alluring promise, "You shall be the fact that Adam and Eve tellectual vanity with the "You shall not surely die," he piqued Adam and Eve's intold the woman. His first tactic was to debunk mortal fleshly beings. Then he

> and the subject of sex (Gen. 3:7 concerning their physical bodies gious package: a feeling of guilt other element to his false reliaccept his program. Before it was all over, he had added an-God was holding back from was a vast amount of esoteric Satan subtly inferred that there (Gen. 3:5). Using this approach them. All they had to do was knowledge that was theirs for the asking — knowledge that

not leveling with Adam and tal soul. Unlike God, Satan was saying that man has an immorsurely die") was another way of cient pagan mystery religions His statement ("You shall not tern of many of the world's an-Eden quickly became the pat Satan's offer in the Garden of

an Immortal Soul?) Matthew 10:28. Also write for ecclesiastical imagination. (See our free booklet Do You Have immortal soul is a figment of demonstrate that the idea of an Ecclesiastes 3:19; Psalms 146:4; Numerous scriptures clearly

with the gods and earn a giltwould supposedly gain favor certain sacred rites, the devotee uals. By religiously following knowledge, ceremonies and rit ordinate emphasis on hidder followed likewise placed an in-The mystery religions that

> ently evil also managed to permeate much of later religious and the human body are inhermortality. The idea that sex edged guarantee of eternal im-

Greek Synthesis

soul, then, as being immortal, articulated these fundamenta mortal soul, he wrote: "The Concerning the idea of an imphers who really perfected and their number-one proponent. But it was the Greek philoso-Plato was perhaps

below, has knowledge of them and having been born again many times, and having seen all all" (Meno, 81). in this world or in the world things that now exist, whether

body. According to Plato: "It is, earth trapped inside a human philosophers looked at it, this 'poor soul" had to live here on Unfortunately, as the Greek (Continued on page 15)

Farah (Israel) monastery. monk observes ritual at Wadi FOLLOWING ascetic life-style,



H. G. Wells: "The kingdom of God that Jesus of Nazareth had preached was overlaid, as we have explained, almost from the beginning by the doctrines and ceremonial traditions of an earlier age, and of an intellectually inferior type. Christianity, almost from its commencement, ceased to be purely prophetic and creative..." (*The Outline of History*, p. 573, by permission of the Estate of H. G. Wells).

Eric Fromm: "The real, historical world no longer needed to change; outwardly everything could remain as it was — state, society, law, economy — for salvation had become an inward, spiritual, unhistorical, individual matter guaranteed by faith in Jesus. The hope for real, historical deliverance was replaced by faith in the already complete spiritual deliverance. . . . Christians no longer looked to the future or to history, but, rather, they looked backward" (*The Dogma of Christ*, pp. 58-59).

G. P. Fedotov: "Practically the whole of Byzantine religion could have been built without the historical Christ of the Gospels... The divine, glorified Christ is, certainly, the main object of the Byzantine cult — together with His Mother, the Queen of Heaven. Yet, strangely, His earthly life, and His good news of the Kingdom of God, and particularly His teaching, attracted little attention" (*The Russian Religious Mind*, p. 35).

Frederick C. Grant: "As a consequence of this Hellenistic-Roman influence, much of the vast potency of the gospel became neutralised, insulated, and has never been set free to this day" (Roman Hellenism and the New Testament, p. 164).

indeed, because of these affections that today, as in the beginning, a soul comes to be without intelligence at first, when it is bound in a mortal body" (Timaeus, 44A-B).

we have seen, belongs only to and the human anatomy that (Plotinus, Enneads, 1.1.9). the Animate, the Couplement" or suffers; for all such evil, as any of the evils which man does apart from all that can cause in us, will in its nature stand phy. For instance: "That soul this later Hellenistic philosoeven more clearly in much of originated in Eden was echoed tine soul. The shame over sex body that enslaved a pure, prisa mundane, corrupt human Platonic coin — the concept of Here was the other side of the

Since the body and material things were considered evil, a person's chief aim in life, according to these ancient philosophers, was to escape the clutches of this world. Man's aspirations, hopes and dreams were to be found in otherworldly goals.

The best way to prepare for this celestial calling was to devote oneself to a quiet life of sober contemplation and thought. The pursuit of higher "spiritual" knowledge became an end in itself. According to one ancient Greek sage: "The

of these affec-philosopher as priest of the God y, as in the be-who is over all things must ablored comes to be stain from flesh meat and algence at first, ways strive to come near to nd in a mortal God, solitary to solitary, s, 44A-B).

(James Shiel, Greek Thought

and the Rise of Christianity

Numerous religious cults grew and thrived in this atmosphere of Hellenistic dualism. Their primary concern largely centered around achievement of personal salvation for their votaries and disciples. Not only was ascetic self-denial emphasized, but also the importance of inner knowledge, or gnosis. Mystery religions flourished as men sought to achieve inner tranquility, peace and deliverance.

A Radical Departure

establishment in Palestine morals. He was continually at rect principles of ethics and concepts, he taught simple, divanaland. Instead of speaking had to do with an earthly kingnews of the Kingdom of God. ment came Jesus Christ of took a dim view of their burloggerheads with the religious in vague dialectic and dualistic nether reaches of spiritual Nirdom — not an escape to the The main thrust of His message Nazareth, preaching the good Into this Hellenized environ-

risy (Matt. 23; Luke 18:10-14). them for their religious hypocand was not afraid to castigate densome, man-made traditions After Christ's departure, the

down" (Acts 17:6). on two separate occasions when violent resistance in Asia Minor an incensed group of Jewish re-Stephen was stoned to death by reaction was so violent that impact of His message. Their ciety were up in arms over the and Hellenistic elements of soing His gospel. But it wasn't early Church was initially "turning the world upside Thessalonica was accused of Epicureans at Mars Hill, and in He was mocked by Stoics and bubble of local pagan divinities he threatened to burst the tyred by Herod, and Paul met ligious leaders. James was mar long before many of the Jewish highly successful in propagat-

Fading Back Into Normalcy

neuver was essential for the fuin vogue. Some felt such a maphilosophies and doctrines then itself to many of the Hellenistic church began to accommodate something was bound to give ture survival of Christianity. from the scene, the visible As the early apostles passed Under such circumstances

Toynbee: "Even Christianity According to Arnold

> ity without translating Chriscould not be won for Christian systems. And this minority crown of all known philosophic public by presenting it as the cated minority of the Hellenic mend Christianity to the edusecond century sought to com-Christian propagandists of the petitors, presented itself in Hel world if it had not, like its commake headway in the Hellenic might have found it hard to philosophy's technical term. tian beliefs into Hellenic lenic dress" (Hellenism, p. 277). inology..." (*ibid.*, p. 228). l'oynbee went on to say: "The

trated their whole nature, to rewith an education which penein its primitive simplicity ceive or to retain Christianity Greeks, educated as they were process: "It was impossible for Christianity, also described this In/luence of Greek Ideas on Edwin Hatch, author of The

elements flooded into the vis pletely different form as Greek Christianity took on a comtion began in earnest. Visible ible church. So the process of Helleniza-

concept of 'salvation,' mingled occupation with the religious them retained current pre-Greek's] conversion many of happened: "On their [the James Shiel explains what



achieved by perfect knowledge gions. Salvation was to be from the Oriental mystery reli-Gnostic could discern" (op. cit. Scriptures which only the true there were hidden truths in the (gnosis). They insisted that with a host of similar concepts

basic primer for Christianity: "I stance, even urged that Helleapostolic fathers. Origen, for inam therefore very desirous that nistic philosophy be used as a from the writings of the postphilosophical concepts on you should accept such parts Christianity was also apparent The heavy influence of Greek

> may serve for the ordinary eleeven of Greek philosophy as calia of Origen, p. 57). ration for Christianity" (Philoschools, and be a kind of prepamentary instruction of our

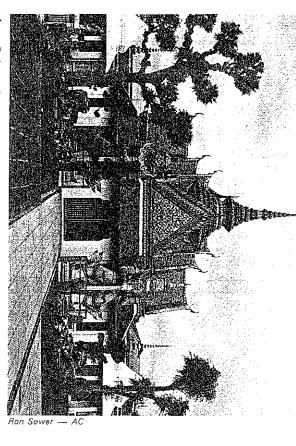
they were made plain to us which eye has not seen. . . . unti upon those spiritual objects purely intellectual objects, even human, which is engaged upon contains the basic elements of tial and particular though it is, that genuine and perfect knowlphilosophy of the Greeks, parechoed these sentiments: "The Christians by our Great *edge* which is higher than Teacher . . . " (Shiel, op. cit. Clement of Alexandria

Compromise and Defeat

on the way to becoming just gion. Elaborate ceremonies another version of a modern competing pagan religions read kept back from the multitudes self, and esoteric doctrines were were instituted, an intellectual updated Oriental mystery reli Many of the major tenets of priestly caste began to assert itthe walls of a changing Chris nly found a safe haven within tianity. Visible Christianity was well

martyrs and angels. The cult of formed into Christian saints, Pagan divinities were trans-





Bangkok, Thailand. DEMONS guard entrance to the Buddhist Temple of the Dawn in

of worship. pagan temples were often transation of the Virgin Mary. And was revitalized in the venerthe Oriental mother goddess formed into "Christian" houses

of God is the beauty of a vision ascetic ideals: "For that vision God, he was quick to eulogize Stoics. Writing in The City of wordly concepts since the est advocate of Greek othersame philosophical wells. Augusalso drew deeply from these Augustine and Thomas Aquinas rupt material creation loomed mortal soul; and an evil, cortine was probably the stauncharound the concept of an imlarge in post-apostolic thinking. Hellenistic dualism centered

so great and is so infinitely desupremely miserable" (book X dance and has not this is hesitate to say that he who ensirable that Plotinus does not chapter 16). joys all other blessings in abun-

union hinders the mind from service. Now the use of sexual state requires the removal of giving itself wholly to the servoting himself entirely to God's whatever hinders man from delogica, he wrote: "The religious his monumental Summa Theo dim view of earthly pleasure. In Aquinas, for instance, took a

> sensible pleasures, chief among ondly, the concupiscence of are First, the attachment God.... Such hindrances self whatever may hinder his aftinued: "First, as regards the vice of God" (p. 655). He concontinence..." (p. 659). these are removed by the vow of which are sexual pleasures, and moved by a vow of poverty; secpractice of perfection, a man is to external goods, which is refections from tending wholly to required to remove from him-

A Remarkable Transformation

over tortuous and involved dogof Paul and the Apostles. The otherworldly escape. of a world under the rule of teachings of the man from mas on the identity of God and given way to the Nicene Creed Sermon on the Mount had had borne to the early church whatever little resemblance it their weighty tomes, the estab-Aquinas got around to writing doned in favor of a gospel of Nazareth. The Messianic hope largely ignored the simpler ically became more agitated Christian communities periodlished Christian church had lost Jesus Christ had been aban-Long before Augustine and

man Empire, but the question as the state religion of the Ro-Christianity had triumphed

of who had really been con-

was the use of His name. The their vanquished rivals." About sensibly subdued by the arts of verted to what still remained adopted a totally different posished into the mists of pagan teaching had long since vanrevolutionary impact of His all that visible Christianity had As Edward Gibbon put it: "The ture from the one intended by Christian churches have philosophy. in common with Jesus Christ victors themselves were in-In effect, the established

the tragedy, that a gospel tianity has not failed — it has become the fundamental digian) best sums up why this has never been tried.' And this is G. K. Chesterton said, 'Chrislemma of modern religion: "As (a leading Protestant theolothe least. Perhaps Frederick C. Grant

society have been tragic, to say day. And the implications for fects are still with us to this Jesus Christ. The long-term ef-

ment, p. 171). rulers of mankind" (Roman became only one more of 'the meant for the healing of the naand Misery still the permanent Hatred, War, Greed, Hunger world's great religions,' leaving tions accepted a lesser role and Hellenism and the New Testa

s we saw in the last

chapter, it doesn't take very

much to lead people down the primrose path of ecclesiastical error. And while false religion can certainly make life miserable for some, there is a limit to the mischief it can do if only a few isolated individuals recognize its authority and power. But things take on much more ominous overtones when religious rigmarole becomes accepted on an organized, established basis — especially when it becomes the recognized religion of a state, nation, or

The problem had its beginnings with the earliest civilizations. It seems that when men first began to organize into local city-states the obvious question of "Who's in charge here?" naturally arose. The answer usually came in a very straightforward way — by the use of brute force.

In most instances it was the local hunter-turned-hero (for example, Nimrod — see Genesis 10:8) who had the most going for him in this regard; namely,

a monopoly on most of the local weaponry. And back then, superior weaponry a kingdom did make. According to Lewis Mumford: "This unscrupulous use of the weapons of the hunt to control the political and economic activities of whole communities was one of the effective inventions of kingship" (The Myth of the Machine, p. 169).

The Power of a Persuasive Priesthood

gods, to make kingship prevai derived from a god or group of ditional obedience to their coalition between the tributethroughout a large society" extra, supernatural authority have been established: it took the new rulers made to uncon combination ... the claims that ligious shrine. Without that the keepers of an important reexacting hunting chieftain and change . . . was the product of a "The agency that effected this nized, state-approved religion devotion. That's why an orgative and thus worthy of high was God's chosen representa citizen had to be convinced that show of strength. The ordinary quired in addition to a simple king's superior will could no was a must. As Mumford put it: But something more was rehunting-hero-turned-king

(*ibid.*, p. 170). In return, the king made sure his compliant priests were amply rewarded for their undivided and loyal support. They received stipends from the government treasury, lived in the best houses, and had a major voice in local political affairs.

Once established in power, the local chieftain and his ecclesiastical cronies could never stand still. They often found it necessary to lock horns with competing powers from neighboring city-states. A continual game of "king of the spiritual mountain" ensued as rival religions struggled for the sole dominion of subject populations.

The ancient church-state establishment also had other reasons for warring with nearby kingdoms. Often there was a critical manpower shortage in the local temple, and it could only be fulfilled by tapping foreign sources. Sacrificial victims were also needed to placate the angry deities. While these often came from the local population (see Jeremiah 7:31; II Kings 16:3; 17:31), prisoners of war were also looked on as welcome additions.

This type of church-state combination undoubtedly reached one of its high points during the period of the mighty Babylonian Empire. The Baby-

lonian temple, according to Isaac Mendelsohn, "was the largest landowner, the greatest industrialist, the richest banker, and the biggest slaveholder in every city of the country. Its landholdings... included in addition to the temple precinct, large tracts of land outside of it..." (Slavery in the Ancient Near East, p. 100). Forced state worship

functions of the

"The functions of the Church were now to promote the security of the state.... The carpenter of Galilee had replaced Romulus and Mars as the guardian of the Empire, and the revolutionary implications of his teaching had been rendered innocuous."

was often the order of the day — as Shadrach, Meshach, Abednego and Daniel discovered the hard way (Daniel 3) Church and State in Transition

The same basic system refined by the Babylonians continued under the sway of Persian, Greek and Roman rulers (see Daniel 7:1-7, 17; 8:20-22). But as the Roman (Continued on page 27)



Essentially, the Inquisition of the Middle Ages was a heavy-handed attempt by the Roman Catholic Church to preserve its religious monopoly over the minds of men Medieval Catholic dogma had zero tolerance for the "church-of-your-choice" concept. There was only one legitimate church and the individual better believe it or else. Unfortunately, some chose not to believe and therein lay the problem. The idea that a man might exercise his own intellect and free moral agency was another an in those days.

The Albigenses of Southern France were one such group who broke from the fold in the late 1100s. Within short order they found themselves the target of a full-fledged Papal Crusade (pictured above). In 1209 a Catholic-led army sacked the town of Beziers with disastrous results. Crusaders forced open doors of churches and then proceeded to hack to pieces those who had sought refuge inside. Corpses were stacked up by the thousands as men and

women, babies and invalids were butchered outright. Over two hundred staunch "heretics" in the neighboring city of Montsegur had their trial by fire. They were dragged from the city and incinerated in one massive funeral pyre. In Toulouse, an old bedridden woman thought to be a heretic was hauled out of bed to meet her fiery death. According to one account of the incident: "This done," Pehlhisson tells us, "the Bishop, together with the monks and their attendants, returned to the refectory and, after giving thanks to God and St. Dominic, fell cheerfully upon the food set before them" (Massacre at Montsegur, p. 291).

Few voices were raised in protest against these gruesome inhumanities: Granted, no one outside the established church would have been heard, but the remarkable part is that there were hardly anylytigorous objections from within.

Some two hundred years later, the same type of terror began in Spain. But times had changed and the Spanish inquisitors now had at their disposal new and sophisticated tools for turning up heretics. The sudden knock on the door in the middle of the night was one ploy they used very effectively. Like the Nazis of World War II, they too had a special penchant for persecuting members of the Jewish race. Communities were constantly under surveillance in order to turn up any telltale signs of Jewish activities. Sharp-eyed clerics were always on the lookout for even the slightest hint of Sabbath-keeping. One firar is said to have climbed out on a rooftop on Saturday morning in order to observe which houses had no smoke coming from their chimneys.

The inquisitors also kept a firm hand on the intellectual activities of their faithful. All vernacular translations of the Bible were strictly banned. So was any literature with an anti-Catholic bias, or any other religious works written in the common language.

Inquisitors often gave the populace a period of grace when they set foot in a particular locale. People who came forward voluntarily during the time would receive a much lighter sentence. But in order to prove his sincerity the individual was often asked to inform on friends, relatives and neighbors. So great was the fear these terror tactics inspired, that people often came forward on their own volition—not wishing to first be incriminated by someone else.

The inquisitors had sterner measures in store for those few stubborn souls who would not recant. The excruciating pain of the rack, water torture or suspension by the wrists often worked wonders on

these hard-to-crack cases. For those incorrigible wretches who persisted in their free thinking, there was only one remedy — the stake.

The inquisitors carried out this ultimate penalty in ceremonies known as the *auto-da-fe* ("act of faith"). They usually took place on Sunday in order that more people would be around to witness the final end of those who dared transgress the dictates of the church. The night before, the impenitent heretics were led to the scene of the execution and informed of their fate. However, the inquisitors always managed to throw in one last sop. If the poor reprobate could muster up a last-minute confession he would be able to forego the trial by fire. But the only difference was that he would be strangled to death just as the flames were lit.

On the following day, the black-hooded inquisitors accompanied their charges to the ceremony. The dominicans continued their efforts of the previous day in exhorting these unfortunates to make a last-minute confession — ostensibly to demonstrate to the public the merciful nature of the inquisition. Mass was celebrated, a sermon preached, and then the clergy went through the sham of turning their victims over to the state for execution.

One author painted a poignant picture of what happened as the flames went up: "The people shout their approval; the Inquisitors sit, hands folded, deeply shocked by all the wickedness in the world, serene in their own virtue, in bringing about justice, so clever that — although they have brought those groaning, fainting men and women to this horror—because they abandoned them in time to the secular arm, there is no blood on their hands.

The same author went on to say: "The long ceremony, the chanting of monks, the tolling of bells, the smell of incense, the holiness of the proceedings has a comforting effect. All has been sanctified by these things" (Jean Plaidy, The Rise of the Spanish Inquisition, p. 158).

The same brutal methods were tried in the Spanish Netherlands with much the same results. During the height of the Inquisition in that country, the Emperor Maximillian asked the head of Spain, Phillip II, to put an end to the brutality. Phillip's reply bears repeating: "What I have done has been for the repose of the Provinces, and for the defense of the Catholic Faith. Nor would I do otherwise than I have done, though I should risk the sovereignty of the Netherlands—no, though the world should fall around me in ruins" (Plaidy, The End of the Spanish Inquisition, p. 21).

significant change took place. sapless as an Athens without would be as savourless and was just coming into its own. religion known as Christianity tual vacuum. Fortunately for needed to fill the resulting spiridisarray and something was were being thrown into basic Rome, a Hellenized, paganized The pagan faiths of the Empire Empire began to disintegrate, a back again into the shrines divine powers must be enticed the Gods must be retrieved; the The need for assimilation was of taking the Christian Church stored in another way by the recognition of the church recourse for the Empire now, in they had insisted upon assumdeserted; and since, meanwhile which they had so alarmingly her Athena. The secession of (A Study of History, vol. IV bodily to the Empire's bosom' bold diplomatic counterstroke ... the broken unity must be reverse its outward policy [non this metamorphosis, was to reface of the accomplished fact of ing a Christian guise, the only Toynbee: "A godless Empire imperative. According to

A counterfeited Christianity had no trouble accomplishing this type of imperial transformation. The Pantheon at Rome became a Christian church, ba-

silicas were redone as Christian houses of worship, and the Imperial title of Pontifex Maximus was later assumed by the head of the Church in Rome.

assuring it of divine favor and ity of the secular state by mote the security and prosper of the Church were now to pro tly stated: "The chief functions implications of his teaching hac members to heaven in the afterprotection, and to guide its (Henry Bamford Parkes, been rendered innocuous" Mars as the guardian of the had replaced Romulus and Divine Order, p. 46). Empire, and the revolutionary life. The carpenter of Galilee As one leading historian ap-

Tightening the Screws of Church Power

As the Empire in the West grew weaker, the church began to pick up political momentum. Its internal hierarchical structure came to be closely patterned after that of the decaying Roman Empire. Canon law was often derived from imperial jurisprudence.

According to Mumford: "It [the church] tended to take over the tyrannical powers of the empire itself." Under the ecclesiastical umbrella of the church, society took on a very structured, stratified configura-

resisting God. "In short, the su-

The Rise of Modern Secular "Religions"

celibacy were looked upon as a rule of the church hierarchy. placed on rank, status, and the voted to a life of abstinence and privileged class. Emphasis was tion. The clergy and those de-

experiment with creative inexercise of any individual initiaity rather than with the solved by an appeal to authornovations. The feeling was that look for new solutions, ideas, or tive. There was no incentive to Problems were usually re-

originated. whence state-approved religion BIRS NIMRUD, traditional site the Tower of Babel, from

> answer; all one had to do was every question already had an

sary in order for man to atone they could not change. became resigned to a world bly, the oppressed multitudes for his guilt in this life. Inevitatheology of the day, were necesand misery, according to the plaining individual. Suffering was at fault, it was the comsocial conditions. If any one Rulers were no longer to blame for wretched economic or

came up with an ideal solution: the priestly confessional. As it on personal guilt, the church With such a heavy emphasis

Matson Photo Service

clergy as an effective tool the faithful, while serving the means of personal expiation for doubled both as a so-called turned out, the confessional

Relationship

soul over the body was part of cerning the superiority of the secular power, the medieval role of spiritual supporter of superior to the temporal power of the Pope was thought to be of state. Since the soul was suprerogatives in temporal affairs medieval church canonists' raotherworldly doctrines conpolitical pie in the Empire. to assume a bigger share of the church under the Papacy began claim power here on earth. The tual. Earthly princes could only exists for the sake of the spiriof the Emperor. The temporal token the ecclesiastical power perior to the body, by the same tionale for claiming increasing Ironically, the Hellenistic Papacy could claim it in heaven Not content to maintain the

earth, but in some quarters he sidered the vicar of God on was considered His successor. strued as the equivalent of mand of the Pope was con-Therefore, to resist the com-Not only was the Pope conReversing Church-State keeping the flock in line.

> affairs of the whole world. Pation over spiritual and temporal

complete and exclusive jurisdicpreme pontiff was to possess

of human life" (Medieval Pa braced every conceivable aspect pal plentitude of power em-

throughout virtually all of tant about using it. The Parulers. And they weren't hesito demand support from secular medieval Popes were considered palism, p. 107). was close cooperation between quisition of the Middle Ages. In heretics resulted in the Inwise, Rome's repeated demands with enthusiastic support to the Holy Land were received pacy's initial calls for crusades to have the right and authority church and state. all these "holy" endeavors there for suppression of "dangerous" Western Christendom. Like-Using this line of reasoning,

state of affairs couldn't last ieval Papacy. Fresh winds of restive under the staid and new religions and ideologies. events would soon shatter the change were blowing across the Secular kings and princes grew church's standpoint), this cosy lic Church and bring to birth hegemony of the Roman Catho-Western world. Forthcoming heavy-handed sway of the med-Unfortunately (from the

ith t

Protestant Reformation, the virtual religious monopoly the Roman Catholic Church had enjoyed for centuries came to a sudden, dramatic end. But the Reformation brought with it more than a loss of spiritual power for the Papacy. It also cost the church much of the political clout it had managed to accumulate over the years.

In many parts of Europe, national sovereigns used the ferment of the Reformation as additional leverage to assist them in breaking free from the clutches of Rome. The head of state suddenly found himself replacing the Pope in the eyes of his subjects as the one supreme ruler on earth. Now it was the king or prince, not the Pope, who was "God's representative."

To Be Kingly Is Divine

So began the concept of the "divine right of kings." The king was God's anointed on earth. To oppose his will was considered nothing short of blasphemous.

And post-Reformation kings were not a bit hesitant when it came to making pretentious claims. Louis XIV called himself the "Sun King" and asserted, "I am the state." His successor, Louis XV, also wasn't ashamed to boast: "Sovercignty lies in me alone. The legislative power is mine unconditionally and indivisibly. The public order emanates from me, and I am its supreme guardian. My people is one with me."

somewhat detached indifference monarchial maneuvering with subject watched much of this of royal succession. The average mine a hotly contested question often launched merely to deterkings. Military campaigns were were now replaced by wars of (see insert on pages 34 and 35) plexion. The bitter religious marbles, the nature of warfare tween Catholic and Protestant battles formerly fought bein the Western world took on church claiming all the political an entirely different com-With the king and not the

The Modern State Enshrined

But the advent of the French Revolution changed all this. The religious affections of the individual citizen again underwent a fundamental change. The issue of popular sovereignty dramatically demolished

people's faith in the divine-right concept. In its place emerged the inflaming idea of popular democratic rule. Government of the people became the crusading cry of eighteenth- and nineteenth-century man.

and, indeed, assumed all the asof a regeneration of the whole social system but nothing short mosphere of missionary fervor siasm, for the French Revolu aroused such passionate enthupects of a religious revival.' human race. It created an atmerely a change in the French tion set before it was not upheaval, however violent, had ville: "'No previous political cording to Alexis DeTocque far-reaching implications. Ac-Revolution had significant and In this respect the French

"Thus, according to De-Tocqueville, the French Revolution, though ostensibly political in origin, functioned on the lines, and assumed many of the aspects of a religious revolution" (The Old Regime and the French Revolution, pp. 12-13).

Now it was no longer the king or the Papacy that was as "god on earth," but the nation. As Lewis Mumford put it: "If a religion consists of the beliefs and hopes for which men, when challenged, will sacrifice their lives and fortunes in the assurance of participating in a

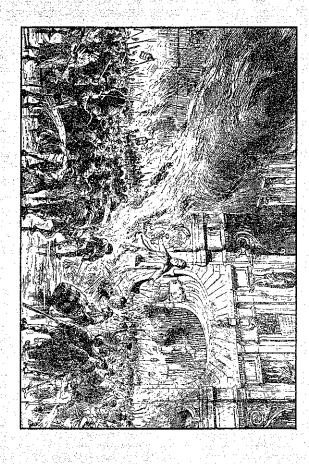
greater life, then nationalism was the vital religion of the nineteenth century ... it seized men, for a century or more, with a fanatical passion similar to that which Christianity had once stirred" (Condition of Man, p. 356).

Launching a Secular Crusade

Like its ecclesiastical predecessors, this new brand of nationalistic religion was not one to stand still. It, in effect, sought to fill the ecumenical gap left by the partial demise of Roman Catholicism after the Protestant Reformation. By the beginning of the nineteenth century, numerous wars had already been fought in an attempt to "convert" the nondemocratic "heathen."

The conduct of these national skirmishes had also undergone a fundamental change. Armed conflict was no longer the "Sport of Kings." Now countries clashed in grim earnest over the newly enshrined ideals of democracy and nationalism. Wars fought in the name of democracy demanded virtually total participation on the part of a nation's populace.

Relatively small mercenary forces were suddenly replaced by massed multitudes of newly conscripted citizens. According (Continued on page 38)



During the period immediately following the Protestant Reformation, religious tolerance in Europe reached one of its all-time historic lows. In view of some of the major goals of the Reformation, this was somewhat ironic. Ostensibly, men had bolted from the rule of Roman Catholicism in order to escape the stifling effects of its narrow-minded medieval mentality. But religious toleration turned out to be the short suit of the Reformation as well.

According to one religious historian: "We are told that the Protestant Revolution ultimately favored the growth of tolerance and even of rationalism. Perhaps this is true, but its immediate result was a great stimulation of heresy-hunting all over Europe" (Leo Markum) Mrs. Grundy, p. 34).

Smaller Protestant sects were some of the principal victims of this heightened wave of religious frenzy. In 1535 leaders of the Ana-

baptist Church were publicly tortured and then killed in Munster, Germany, in an effort to stamp out what many Protestants and Catholics considered to be a dangerous heretical movement.

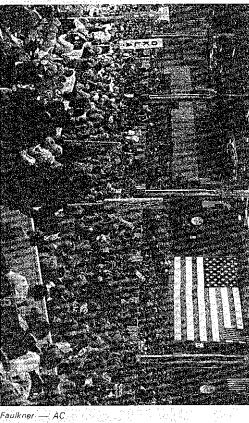
Several years later, Unitarians fleeing from the wrath of Rome literally walked from the frying pan into the fire when they arrived in the Calvinistic stronghold of Geneva, Switzerland. Calvin, himself, had their leader, Michael Servetus, burned at the stake for denying the trinitarian theory (which, incidentally, is another major myth of mainline Christianity; for information on this subject, write for our free booklet is God a Trinity?).

Religious passions ran anywhere from hot to torrid during this period. Witch-hunting broke all previous records. More than 10,000 people perished in Germany alone during the height of this craze.

The British Isles also found that the religious violence which had infected the Continent was quite contagious. Henry Vill had both Catholics and Lutherans burned and beheaded for so-called acts of heresy. Bloody Mary duly earned her famous nickname when she made an abortive attempt to re-Catholicize England. And Gromwell, the Lord Protector, didn't protect many Catholics when his armies sacked the city of Drogheda, Ireland. Civillans were massacred in the streets and no quarter was given to the clergy. Friars and priests there died almost to a man.

In France, church and state combined to make life unbearable for the Huguenots. The St. Bartholomew's Day Massacre in 1572 was perhaps the crowning achievement of their efforts. Ten thousand Protestants lost their lives in Paris, and in the ensuing weeks the carnage spread to the outlying regions of the country. In 1577, Henry III tried to alleviate some of the persecution, only to be driven from the capital for his efforts. By 1643, moderation prevailed temporarily. The Huguenots were militarily and politically disenfranchised, but allowed to retain their freedom of conscience. Even this concession was too much for the French Catholic clergy. They embarked on a campaign of forced conversions and deprivation of civil liberties that eventually forced more than 250,000 Protestants to flee France.

Most of this sectarian insanity culminated in the Thirty Years War, which, before it was over, involved every major nation in Continental Europe. Germany became the sacrificial lamb and the common battleground for the warring contestants. By the end of the war her cities were in ruins, many of her villages were deserted, and her economy almost prostrate.



roigion of America

are the words "one nation under God." Over 90 percent of its population indicates belief in a supreme being. The bulk of its people are nominally Protestant, Catholic, or Jewish. Its money says, "In God We Trust." In its pledge of allegiance

A religious country? Certainly.

as an American civil religion? people place their faith, loyalty and trust? And is there such a thing ecclesiastical window dressing? If it is, then where do many of her But is all this where America's real religion is at? Or is it merely

solely a pragmatic, administrative agency. It is also, necessarily, a ever, every national state generates a civil religion. For a state is not to say on this subject. "Whether we like or dislike the notion, how symbolic agency. The chief officers of the state perform priestly and prophetic roles, conduct huge public liturgies, constantly reinterpret tral terms of public discourse'''(Choosing Our King. p. 302) the nation's fundamental documents and traditions, turnish the cen-Consider what Michael Novak, a prominent political writer, had

> way of life," which in itself is somewhat interesting because religion its dollar bills. And U.S. citizens frequently hear about the "American in America." The slogan "new order of the ages" appears in Latin on also hear prominent politicians intoning: "It is time to renew our faith see bumper stickers that say "America - love it or leave it." They In this regard, America is no exception. U.S. citizens frequently

saints and its sancta; and it is a faith that every American, to the degree that he is an American, knows and understands" (Protestant, that has its symbols and its rituals, its holidays and its liturgy, its come to be recognized as characteristically American. It is a faith of Life is best expressed in a certain kind of 'idealism' which has has particularly significant overtones: "Spiritually, the American Way Catholic, Jew, an Essay in American Religious Sociology, p. 92). According to Will Herberg, a leading religious writer, this phrase

staggering across deserts of faith, it was because the country had country itself, and if the other religions were now full of mutation and been false and ill and corrupt for years . . . corrupt to the point of ter-Godfather, p. 87). minal disease, like a great religion floundering" (St. George and the ligions of the land were fed from that first religion which was the Convention: "In America, the country was the religion. And all the rethis American brand of civil religion during the 1972 Democratic Norman Mailer also made a penetrating observation concerning

Second World War and subsequent conflicts mocracy. Essentially the same motivation was present during the tered around the ideological concept of making the world safe for demain driving force behind most of the nation's endeavors. When the United States took up arms during World War I, her rallying cry cen-Faith in America and democracy rather than God has been the

prophecy found in the book of Jeremiah: "But my people have forgion. And perhaps we would also do well to take to heart an ancient but Israel does not know, my people does not understand. also saiah. "The ox knows its owner, and the ass its master's crib, gotten me, they burn incense to false gods" (Jer. 18:15-16). And erners would do well to re-evaluate the real sources of their civil relihave forsaken the Lord, they have despised the Holy One of Israel the nation's growing problems, perhaps Americans and other West they are utterly estranged" (Isa. 1.3-4). In view of the limited ability of the democratic ideology to solve

The

of Democracy" (Warfare, draft "actually . . . was the of half a million men and more. nity. Under his rule France religious fervor. His famed leize on this emerging national to Robert Leckie, the military found it possible to field armies Liberty, Equality and Frater-Europe under the banners of gions swept over continental first military leaders to capitalp. 17). Napoleon was one of the handmaiden of the new religion

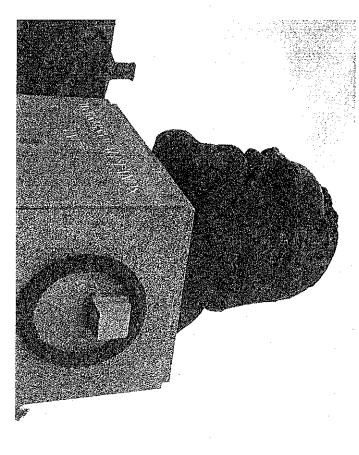
The Mission of Marx

going through the throes of this While the Western world was

> organizer who popularized cally came out of the mind of a equally potent secular religious disgruntled German political make its first stirrings. It basimovement was beginning to nationalistic turmoil, words such as "proletariat," "bourgeois" and "dialectical."

exception Marxism was as bona fide a phemous" religious labels undoubtedly have taken strong Although its founders would to such "blas

ers of all lands unite." cemetery. Inscription reads: "Work-KARL MARX'S tomb in London



priest and messiah. prophet; and Lenin, their high materialism was their ideologi-Communist Party; dialectical the devil. Their church was the bourgeoisie were equivalent to ior of the world; and the beastly Bible; the proletariat, the savhumanity. Das Kapital was its torship of the proletariat); and own form of Utopia (the dictaused ultimate deliverance, its siastical institution. It was a rethe walls of any Western eccle its mission was to convert all of ligion for the oppressed masses faith as could be found within the working man. It promgod; Marx, their hrst

soil in a country even Marx would have least suspected the Soviet Union. a favorable religious climate. der to grow and germinate was lronically, it found such fertile What Marxism needed in or

Shifting Doctrinal Gears

which embraced the whole of thodoxy to another orthodoxy integrated faith, from one orone integrated faith to another could very readily pass from ciety. Faith in the tenets of out a large niche in Russian so-Marx. "The spirit of the people ily replaced by faith in those of Russian Christendom was eas-Marx had no trouble carving The dogma of Lenin and

p. 121). Origin of Russian Communism, life" (Nicolas Berdyaev,

structure a great likeness to the munist realm has in its spiritual (ibid., p. 143). Muscovite Orthodox Tsardom" to Berdyaev: "The Soviet Com-Russia of the Tsars. According a strong resemblance to the Russia of Lenin and Stalin bore Spiritually speaking, the

Russian religion. ous shortcoming of the new anything else was the most seriand contempt for Western trary doctrine. This more than sors, still came on as the chamthat remotely smacked of con-They felt nothing but disdain rigid intolerance for anything ideals. And they maintained a pions of the common faith. like their orthodox predeces-The new communist leaders,

evil for the rest of humanity religiously based mentality, unnately, such Dark Age less it is changed, can only bode munistic canons. Unfortusome of the pet theories of commight upset the applecart of feared that their impartial data mistrust. In some quarters it is son, computers in the Soviet Union are looked on with some Even today, for this very rea-

march through Germany and was beginning its dramatic Russia, another secular faith munists had come to power in by the time the Com-

Central Europe.

economic collapse, the Germans ating Treaty of Versailles, and of World War I, the humilirole as a vanquished nation. chaffed in their unaccustomed place during the 1920s, and cial innovations that had taken were fearful of some of the so-They had grave doubts about were ripe for "drastic" change. the subsequent inflation and the shaky Weimar Republic After the demoralizing defeat

spiritual reawakening. This was a golden opportunity for an to some, was a political and turn to the old values and the trodden Germanic masses a re-Hitler. He promised the downideological evangelist like Adolf glittering ideals that once made their nation great. What they needed, according

thousand-year reich, extolled tones. He spoke of a millennial had numerous religious over-Hitler's hypnotic message

> of all good Teutonic ideals. Jewish race as the archenemy Aryans, and singled out the the chosen blond, blue-eyed

p. 329). gion. He spoke less to people's political convictions than to enon of the psychology of relimasses was above all a phenom-Fest: "His success with the cian. According to Joachim reformer than he was a polititheir spiritual state" (Hitler Hitler was more of a religious

Reviving Past Glories

manic yearnings that had been roots embedded deeply in Gersmoldering for centuries. fect simply rekindling the fires manic history. Hitler was in efthat Hitler preached. It had its the racial, nationalistic gospel really all that revolutionary in of ancient Teutonic and Ger-Ironically, there was nothing

selves to be the chief defenders pions of the realm and the masof the Christian faith, chamthe ancient Germans felt themtake up the slack. Naturally Germans in the north had to deteriorated in the south, the the sword while the Papacy ter race of medieval Europe. tended to matters of the spirit Roman Empire they wielded During the heydays of the Holy — more or less. As the Empire Like the orthodox Russians,

> they took pride in being the last bastion of Imperial virtue in the

early 1500s: "Our race, on the nate virtue and because of the contrary, was judged worthy of given to the Emperor in the ished in many a German breast. the imperium because of its inflected in a sampling of oratory this Teutonic ideal was nour-Its chauvinistic flavor is well re-Throughout the middle ages

nothing really all that deeply in Germanic racial, nationalistic gospe revolutionary in the Ironically, there was It had its roots embedded that Hitler preached. nstory.

ourselves. May we, under your ormation, p. 71). Even after the all other nations" (Strauss tue and faith are greater than oppression, we who possess virthe Roman rule. As virtue and aegis, noble emperor, long contook the labors of God upon perseverance with which we modern secular states in the Reformation and the rise of Manifestations of Discontent in tinue to be worthy of exercising Germany on the Eve of the Reffaith are superior to vice and

clung to this imperial concept. West, many Germans still Blood, Iron and Obedience

staunch defender of the ironstate and the authority of their mini-empire from a relatively emphasis on obedience, the sheer discipline, hard work and ruler. Luther for one was a mans a deep respect for the combined to instill in most Ger-Junker aristocracy carved out arepsilonphasized in Prussia where by same traditions were also emof feudal principalities. The ist as a disjointed hodgepodge Germany still continued to extransformed by the Revolution tem was well established and Thirty Years' War when princely patrons. Long after the fisted prerogatives of his French society was about to be England's parliamentary sys-Historical circumstances also

state is the divine will, in the of Right, had this to say: "The authority of the state. Hegel and the all-pervading rule and both the idea of the innate su iron" concepts were later re for instance, in his *Philosophy* periority of the Germanic race Heavy emphasis was laid or Fichte, Hegel and Nietzsche works of men such as Wagner flected in the writings and Much of these "blood-and-

sterile and barren environment.

Hans Frank, Governor General of Poland: "Hitler is lonely. So is God. Hitler is like God" (Wallace R. Deuel, *People Under Hitler*, p. 78). "Hitler has received his authority from God. Therefore he is a champion sent by God, for German right in the world" (Thomas Reveille, *The Spoil of Europe*, p. 58).

Dr. Adolf Rosenberg, Reich minister: "God has revealed himself in Adolf Hitler" (Ernest Jackh, *The War for Man's Soul*, p. 23).

Dr. Robert Ley, head of German Labor Front, in a speech (1937): "And we believe that this Almighty God has sent us Adolph Hitler, so that Germany shall have eternal Security."

Hermann Göring: 'I have no conscience. My conscience is Adolf Hitler' (Walter Langer, *The Mind of Adolf Hitler*, p. 76).

Rhenish group of German Christians: "Hitler's word is God's law, the decrees and laws which represent it possess divine authority" (Thomas Reveille, *The Spoil of Europe*, p. 57).

Baldur von Schirach, Hitler Youth leader: "He who serves Germany serves God, and he who serves God serves Germany" (Ernest Jackh, *The War for Man's Soul*, p. 24).

Hans Kerrl, church minister: "The question of the divinity of Christ is ridiculous and inessential.... A new authority has arisen as to what Christ and Christianity really are: Adolf Hitler: Hitler is the true Holy Ghost" (Ernest Jackh, *The War for Man's Soul*, p. 23).

Thuringian churchwarden: "Christ has come to us through Adolf Hitter" (Joachim C. Fest, *Hitter*, p. 444).

Words painted on the side of a hill in pre-war Germany: "We believe in Holy Germany. Holy Germany is Hitler! We believe in Holy Hitler!!" (Patsy Ziemer, Two Thousand and Ten Days of Hitler, p. 84.)

(Continued on page 48,

sense that it is mind present on earth, unfolding itself to be the actual shape and organization of a world" (p. 85).

Such ideas were still alive and well at the turn of the twentieth century. They were widely publicized in the writings of the demented, neurotic H. S. Chamberlain who became an instant favorite with Kaiser Wilhelm II and later with Hitler. Chamberlain was, in fact, often referred to as the "spiritual founder" of National Socialism.

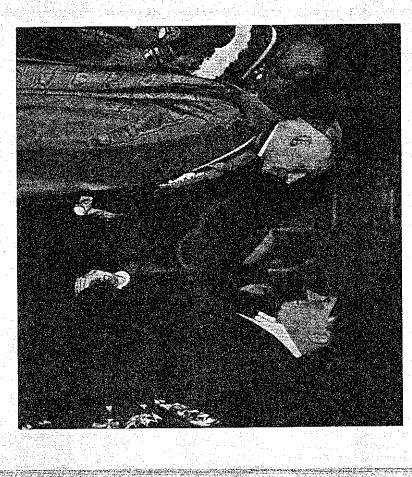
gary, Greater Finland. Hitler's sion: a new Roman Empire, a ous future of territorial expanagain, they dreamed the fadeo der the banner of Hitler's na awakening that took place un vivid picture of the ideologica scene" (p. 301). And Joachim ogy: "Hitler only promised to of The Crisis of German Ideol Greater Belgium, Greater Hun-Spain of Catholic majesty, a they saw glimmerings of a glori dreams of their forefathers and tionalistic evangelism: "Once tion before he ever entered the fulfill a concept of life which ing to George L. Mosse, autho hailed a past in whose mists Fest likewise painted a very had permeated much of the na had already been laid. Accord the ideological foundation that Hitler then simply built on

fling at hegemony, carefully planned, cold-blooded, and realistic as it was, and dependent on the most modern weaponry, was justified in the name of a quaint and vanished Germanism. The world was to be conquered for the sake of thatched roofs and an upright peasantry, for folk dances, celebrations of the winter solstice, and swastikas" (Hittler, pp. 103-104).

Patterning Party After Church

only drew from the traditions of acter of its Creed, were all ture and the unalterable charwas impressed by the organizabrought up as a Catholic and admiration for various aspects admitted to a certain grudging cal principles. And even Hitler much to his liking as propahave to be told what to believe meetings. He also found the used the church's liturgy and man church as well. Goebbels the Roman Empire, but the Roskill in dealing with human nation and power of the Church of the church. According to doctrines on related ecclesiasti wise patterned various SS ganda minister. Himmler like rituals as models for Nazi mass Alan Bullock: "Hitler had been Catholic concept of "people lts hierarchical structure, its Hitler and his henchmen not

Religion and Totalitarianism



Sign of Spiritual 7

Strange as it may seem, Adolf Hitler was not an irreligious Individual. In many respects, his climb to absolute power in Germany took on all the appearances of a national religious campaign. Like any self-respecting evangelist, Hitler had his share of mass revival meetings. He often preferred nocturnal surroundings because this tended to produce a rather apocalyptic, awe-inspiring setting. Alan Bullock, author of *Hitler: A Study in Tyranny*, gives us a graphic picture of what they were like: "To see the films of the Nuremberg rallies even today is to be recaptured by hypnotic effect of thousands of

men marching in perfect order, the music of the massed bands, the forest of standards and flags, the vast perspectives of the stadium, the smoking torches, the dome of searchlights. The sense of power, of force and unity was irresistible" (p. 379).

With all this going for him, Hitler's oratorical delivery was hard to resist. According to one observer, he "was an evangelist speaking to a camp meeting, the Billy Sunday of German politics." It's no wonder then that Goebbels likened these oratorical extravaganzas to "the divine services of our political work."

Spiritually speaking. Hitler also had plenty of help — especially when he was in the middle of one of his speeches. As another observer put it: "'After about fifteen minutes... there takes place what can only be described in the primitive old figure of speech: the spirit enters into him'" (Fest, *Hitler*, p. 327).

Hitler admitted as much himself. He once stated: "But if the voice speaks, then I know the time has come to act." And on another occasion he made this chilling remark: "I go the way that Providence dictates with the assurance of a sleepwalker."

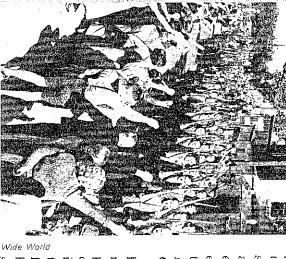
The French ambassador called him "a man possessed." So did one of the defense councils at the Nuremberg trials. Numerous people who came in contact with him made comments similar to this one. "The fanaticism in his eyes was the most commanding thing about him.—they possess a hypnotic quality that can easily persuade his followers to do anything the mind behind the eyes desires" (Is Tomorrow Hitler's?, p. 43).

Hitler himself also took a perverted pleasure in haranguing the masses. He often compared the German people to a woman and called them his "only bride." His speeches tended to fulfill his twisted desires. According to Joachim Fest: "The sound recordings of the period clearly convey the peculiarly obscene... character of mass meetings" (op. cit., p. 323).

Concerning Hitler's speaking, Fest went on to say: "With wild explosive movements, driving his metallicly transformed voice mercilessly to its highest pitch, he would hurl out the words. Quite often, in the furor of his conjuring, he would cover his grimacing face with his clenched fists and close his eyes, surrendering to the spasms of his transposed sexuality" (*ibid.*, p. 327).

In view of what followed in Nazi Germany, the biblical warnings concerning "seducing spirits" and "doctrines of demons" are certainly apropos when applied to the Fuehrer of the Third Reich.

Religion and Totalitarianism



a return to glittering Teutonic ised the downtrodden Germans NATIONAL SOCIALISM prom-

to have learned" (p. 338). features from which he claimed

ership of its people. The hierreluctant, of the Catholic organization owed much to Hitended up with some of the same which the Nazis hoped to permatched the Führerprinzip archical traditions of the Church's success in the leadler's acknowledgement, albeit tionship as follows: "The party One author described the relabasic features as the church. As a result, the Nazi party Church exactly

enabled the Catholic Church to same powers of indoctrination, Nazi Persecution of exercise its age-old control over and of censorship, which had ministry hoped to achieve the the European masses" petuate.... The propaganda Churches, pp. 145-146).

suit if handled with proper care and Hitler would not follow the past, champions like of church as well as state. This man, who could act as guardian the idea of dealing with a strong cratic society. They also liked sions inherent within a demobe the rather distasteful divi from what they considered to to mold a unified state — free mire in both Nazi and Fascist man...whom Providence has especially during the honey to doubt that both Mussolini church. There was little reason ciated the fact that these total ken, initially found much to admoon with the Duce following the Hapsburgs and the Bourhad only been traditional. In itarian regimes were attempting parties. Catholic leaders apprein 1929. He called Mussolini "a the signing of the Lateran Pact things to say about Mussolini function of protecting the bons had readily fulfilled this Pius XI initially had only nice Charlemagne, Otto the Great, The church, by the same to

> siastical privileges. Among support Mussolini's regime in dary schools. man Catholicism as the "sole return for a number of ecclereligious instruction in seconriage, and establishment of religion of the state," accepthem were recognition of Ro-Church agreed to endorse and tance of clerical control of marus to meet!" The

at a time when it was badly gave it an aura of respectability cordat also had another salufor absolute power. The conwas signed with Hitler. In doing nized by the highest spiritua Fuehrer had now been recog and non-Germans alike the needed. In the eyes of Germans tary effect on Hitler's regime. It tive opposition to Hitler's drive der the last vestiges of legislaknocked the props out from unpower on earth. In 1933 a similar concordat the church effectively

staunch opposition to the menvasion of Russia in June 1941 tified. At the outset of the inthe first head of state to be no the Holy See in 1939, Hitler was XII was elected as the head of ace of Communism. When Pius German chancellor for his thirties it publicly praised the ber of years. In the early tend the cordialities for a num The Vatican continued to ex-

> Age of Dictators, p. 258). well as the confident hope in tions of Christian culture, as which now defend the foundamagnanimous acts of valour ing darkness and storm, signs of tainly in the midst of surround proclaim the following: "Certhe Vatican could still see fit to victory" (The Vatican in the pectations — these are those hearts with great and holy ex light appear which lift up our

Silence Is Not So Golden

about the grim business of ter and the terms of the 1933 contially all it did was make a scope of the Nazi atrocities becontinued to mount and the from the ranks of established rorizing Jew and non-Jew alike war, the Nazi hierarchy went cordat. For the duration of the violations against the church Mit Brennender Sorge. Essencame was the famous encyclical About the closest the Pope ever being ruthlessly exterminated and other minorities who were intervene on behalf of the Jews can was repeatedly urged to came more apparent, the Vati-European Christendom. feeble protest concerning Nazi As the intensity of the war little public opposition

ago by the foremost newscaster and prophet who ever lived were discussed some 2000 years human race? Those questions threaten to eliminate the nate its age-old religious problems? Or will false religion 2an humanity elimi-

Jesus Christ.

struction of the magnificent and of the close of the age?" will be the sign of your coming "When will this be, and what know more. So they asked Him: disciples naturally wanted to 24th chapter of Matthew, His Olivet Prophecy recorded in the Herodian temple in the pivotal After He had foretold the de-

Including the Broad Majority

come in my name, saying, 'I am vealing: "Take heed that no one many astray" (Matt. 24:4-5). leads you astray. For many will the Christ,' and they will lead Christ's reply was quite re-

and not of a few fringe groups or minor sects, but of the many. Christ's prophetic agenda was the number-one item on Religious deception, then

To many of us living in civ-

society such a concept might who is called the Devil and down, that ancient serpent, scope of Christ's original prethe apostle John added to the seem farfetched. Yet the New Satan, the deceiver of the whole diction when he wrote: "And doctrines. In Revelation 12:9 of false religious practices and cerning widespread acceptance warnings and prophecies conilized, "Christianized" Western the great dragon was thrown Testament is full of repeated world...

Oriental mystery religions, pament warnings are directed at the like. But many New Testagan cults, Satan worship and can be interpreted to include also disguise themselves as serder, for even Satan disguises apostles, deceitful workmen, said in II Corinthians 11:13-15: For instance, notice what Paul mainline Christianity as well vants of righteousness." it is not strange if his servants himself as an angel of light. So apostles of Christ. And no wondisguising themselves as "For such men are false Granted, such statements

ready gone out into the world "many false prophets" had al wolves" who would not spare served that even in his day the flock (Acts 20:29). John ob-Paul also spoke of "fierce

> "Broad is the way, that leadeth (I John 4:1). Christ referred to be which go in thereat" (Matt to destruction, and many there flock," and went on to say: his true followers as the "little

scribed a future time when reli othy that "evil men and elect" (Matt. 24:24, KJV). they shall deceive the very so bad that "if it were possible, gious deception would finally be Olivet prophecy, Christ deceived" (II Tim. 3:13). In the to worse, deceivers and deimpostors will go on from bac ting better. Paul warned Timeventually get worse before get this religious confusion would tament writers prophesied that

out conquering and to conquer" was given to him, and he wen and behold, a white horse, and describes a mysterious "white tion. In the sixth chapter, he writing in the book of Revelawere corroborated by John, confusion. Some have atrepresents, even this symbolic its rider had a bow; and a crown the world scene: "And I saw horse" that comes riding onto horseman has tended to cause (Rev. 6:2). Like the real thing it tempted to equate its ride with turn of Christ on the white the events surrounding the re-Christ's end-time prophecies

On top of this, the New Tes-

differences between the two. However, there are a number of horse of Revelation 19:11-15.

The Two White Horses

of Revelation 6 carries a bow in his mouth, while the horseman lation 19 wields a sword out of The returning Christ of Reve-

Great Tribulation. Christ's sec-6:12-17 will show that Christ most troubled time period of would precede the darkest, white horse of Revelation 6, He culminate in the prophesiec series of calamitous events that other hand, is the harbinger of a man in Revelation 6, on the millennium. The white horseful period known as the ond coming ushers in the peace doesn't return until after this comparison of Joel 2:31, Mat-Great Tribulation. thew 24:29-30 and Revelation the Great Tribulation. A quick the earth's history, known as Were Christ to return on the

wars and famines (Matt. 24:7) tion. It was in turn followed by discourse was religious decepof prophetic significance that and its rider. The first subject on this enigmatic white horse tion 6 also sheds further light basic events in Matthew 24 and Christ mentioned in His Olivet Luke 21 with those in Revela-A comparison of some of the

The Future of False Religion

horse of war, the black horse of white horse of Revelation 6 is, Christs and religious deception correspond to the counterfeit then, the white horse would pestilence. From all indications, famine, and the pale horse of in turn, followed by the red ter religious deception. The pestilences (Luke 21:10-11) af-Luke lists wars, famines and first mentioned in the Olivet

by all reckoning offset these ill spread of the true gospel should war, famine and disease. The that gospel in the light of the cult to explain the impact of the case, then it becomes diffispread of Christianity. If this is preaching of the gospel and the this horseman represents the three horsemen that follow: Others have assumed that

All-Conquering Religious

quering and to conquer." In the gious feint, "went out coning given the world a slick relihad plenty of outside help. cratic state. church aligned with an autooiled combination of a false Much of it came from a wellfirst horseman of false religion past, as we've already seen, the John's horseman, after hav-

Centuries ago, Daniel spoke

chapter of his prophetic book ses 3-7). In Daniel's day the would dominate the earth (verrise of four great empires that He first began by predicting the of such a union in the seventh dominated by an ecclesiastical was unique in that it came to be lowed by the Medo-Persian, 36-40). It was subsequently folfirst of those empires — Baby-"little horn." power Daniel symbolized as a But the fourth empire, Rome, (compare with Daniel 2:26-28) lished as a world power ion — was already well estab-Greek and Roman Empires

horn were eyes like the eyes of a little one ... and behold, in this among them another horn, a and behold, there came up wrote: "I considered the horns, great things" (verse 8). man, and a mouth speaking Speaking of this horn, Daniel

arise after them; he shall be difhorn: "... And another shall and shall think to change the out the saints of the Most High, the Most High, and shall wear ferent from the former ones.... "beastly" vision and the little times and the law" (verses 24-He shall speak words against iel goes on to interpret this Later on in the chapter, Dan-

elaborated on this same basic Years later the apostle John

> seven heads, with ten diadems the sea, with ten horns and corded the following vision: sessed many of the same charupon its horns and a blas-"And I saw a beast rising out of the book of Revelation, he rewith Dan. 7:4-7). acteristics of the four beasts in how this particular beast pos*phemous* name upon its heads" Daniel 7 (compare Rev. 13:2 (verse 1). John went on to show

An Ecclesiastical Counterpart

a lamb and it spoke like a worship the first beast..." (versheep's clothing]. It exercises dragon [reminiscent of a wolf in the earth; it had two horns like another beast which rose out of cording to John: "Then I saw Revelation 13 also has close ties ses 11-12). the earth and its inhabitants beast in its presence, and makes all the authority of the first with a priestly potentate. Acthis many-headed creature of Like Daniel's fourth beast,

a state-supported church using cratic state organization beerected (verse 14). An autoauthoritarian methods in order image of the initial state system cess, the second beast has an idolatry. To facilitate the proto force people into religious Here we see what amounts to

system. In the 13th chapter of jects. maintaining an iron grip on the religious thoughts of its subecclesiastical hierarchy bent on comes an effective model for an

put to use during the Middle minds of men. litical party modeled itself after Under the Nazi Third Reich operated by using its own struc virtually anything else in their viously established by Imperia organized along patterns prechurch and state authority was to maintain control over the the church hierarchy in order ture as an object of worship lives. In that sense, the church power of the church more than Western world. Men feared the tained an exclusive religious Rome and effectively main-Ages. The medieval church was the pattern was reversed, as pomonopoly throughout the This particular pattern of

An End-Time Fulfillment

prior to the return of Christ. while the book of Revelation most of Western history. And successive revivals throughout the climactic end time just on events that will occur during fulfillment, its main emphasis is does have an ongoing historical talitarianism as described by John has raised its ugly head in This type of church-state to-

In the 17th chapter of Reve

sisting of ten kings, see verses church) sitting astride a supraa fallen woman (symbolizing a lation, John went on to describe national state system (concalamitous period, this revita-10-14). Throughout most of this lized church-state system will dragon [Satan the Devil], for he John: "Men worshiped the an all-time high. According to tion during this time will be at will ever occur. Religious decepest thing to hell on earth that its jurisdiction may be the clostashion (verse 4). Living under be operating in a high-handed had given his authority to the against it?'" (Rev. 13:4.) beast, saying, Who is like the beast, and they worshiped the and who can fight

Not only will people be taken in by the beast power's religious sleight of hand, but they will idolize its military exploits as well. In such an atmosphere it's no surprise that the other three horsemen of the apocalypse—war, famine and pestilence—will be riding at full gallop.

Religious Martyrdom

During this tumultuous period of time, there will be a few stubborn souls, known as the "elect" (Matt. 24:24), who will not be taken in by this marvelous church-state megamachine. As we have already

seen, this can and will be extremely dangerous to life and health. The resurrected church-state system, like its predecessors, will not tolerate dissension in the ranks. Under the circumstances, its actions will be very predictable. Religious persecution will be at an all-time high. As John wrote: "I saw the woman, drunk with the blood of the martyrs of Jesus" (Rev. 17:6).

Jeremiah describes this future dark age as "the time of Jacob's trouble" (Jer. 30:7, KJV). Daniel calls it "a time of trouble, such as never has been since there was a nation till that time" (Dan. 12:1). One reason for this unprecedented world tumult will be the hyperactive involvement of Satan the devil. According to John: "Woe to you, O earth and sea, for the devil has come down to you in great wrath, because he knows that his time is short!" (Rev. 12:12.)

Using the resurrected church-state system, Satan will direct much of his vengeful attack against God's people — especially those doing His Work (see Rev. 11; 12:13-17; Matt. 24:9). Satan and his military and ecclesiastical minions will be so effective that the world will be brought perilously close to the brink of global cosmo-

cide. Christ said that unless He intervened to cut short the carnage, "no human being would be saved" (Matt. 24:22). But even when He does, people will be so religiously mixed up, deceived and bamboozled that they will actually gather to fight and resist the "King of kings" when He returns to the earth (see Rev. 19:19-20; 17:14).

Finding the Cure

throughout virtually all of redominance of false religion has ied forms still holds sway over deception in its many and varcorded history. Today religious been an unfortunate fact of life preceding chapters, the preand impoverished under the left millions of Asians enslaved race. The Oriental faiths have the vast majority of the human prerogative to dictate their sumed that they have the freedoms in both West and aged to quash initiatives and Communism likewise has manyoke of centuries-old traditions status quo in many parts of the champion of an oppressive secular religion to the masses ful of men arrogantly have asvating force behind wars and world, but also the main moti-False religion not only is the East alike, all because a handdestructive revolutions. As As we have seen in the

George Washington once said:

"Of all the animosities which lid have existed among mankind, those which are caused by a diffill ference of sentiments in religion leappear to be the most inact veterate and distressing, and to ought most to be deprecated ought most to be deprecated of (American State Papers, he p. 155).

cally stems from the otherothers. As we saw in the second worldly, ascetic attitudes that chapter, this shortcoming basireligion has ignored scores of tianity from Greek Hellenism were infused into early Chrismany of the world's problems, sistently failed to maintain the and Protestant, we are forced to dox Christianity, both Catholic we sum up this record of orthothis feeling when he wrote: "If rather than a cure. The late their religion as a cop-out the nation and the state... prophetic criticism against both the conclusion that it has con-Reinhold Niebuhr expressed Ever since, most men have used (Faith and Politics, p. 94). In addition to contributing to

The Choice Before Us

In view of the impending disasters that are prophesied to follow hard on the heels of the white horse of false religion, drastic changes are needed.

Centuries ago, a group of

same basic issue that now conchoices. One of the biggest ones God gave the nation of ancient the 26th chapter of Leviticus, cially the Western world). In fronts the human race (espepeople were faced with the observances. had to do with their religious Israel some rather clear-cut

In the first verse of this chap-

adopt any false religious pracures), tor your enemies shall eat sow your seed in vain [crop failsumption [disease], and fever over you sudden terror, condo this to you: I will appoint they refused to obey these inous rewards (verses 3-13), but if mandments would bring generman-made images. Worship of tices or bow down before any ter, God warned them not to just that].... And I will break sians have already been doing life to pine away. And you shall that waste the eyes and cause junctions, God warned: "I will God and obedience to His commiliated at the Bay of Pigs and and Indo-China Wars, was huica fumbled away the Korean former friends and allies. Amercontinually lost face before the pride of your power [the it [in our generation the Rusmid-1970 seemed impotent and over the Pueblo debacle, and by United States and Britain have indecisive in the face of strong

iron [drought — like the kind rica and Southeast Asia, and I Communist aggressions in Afand the trees of the land shall causes]; and your strength shall ety of natural and man-made farmlands, which America is to California] and your earth cently experienced from Kansas farmers and ranchers have rewill make your heavens like sword upon you [war — the secland shall not yield its increase classic case in point], for your be spent in vain [Vietnam is a also experiencing due to a varilike brass [loss of valuable of the enemy [national captivshall be delivered into the hand send pestilence [the fourth gather within your cities I will ond horseman | ... and if you man].... And I will bring a in famine — the third horsenot yield their fruit [resulting ity]" (Lev. 26:16-17, 19-20, 25) horseman] among you, and you

Modern Form of Idolatry

suffered the penalties listed in ous idolatrous practices, they and continued dabbling in vari-Babylonians. the hands of the Assyrians and went into national captivity at disobedience to His commands them. Because of their flagrant this challenge God set before Leviticus 26 and ultimately Ancient Israel failed to meet

> tunately, they too, like ancient ideas, concepts and institutions or stone, but are typified by kind made from sticks, metal gods. These gods are not the Israel, have gone after strange face the same challenge. Unfor-Australia and South Africa. United States, Britain, Canada Western world, especially the Today the nations of the

nology, to bail them out in time recently science and tech ers, native institutions, liberal racies have looked to their leadof crisis. Most Americans some democratic ideologies, and more somehow see them through ness, the free enterprise system post-Watergate self-righteous the election sweepstakes, their how feel that the latest face in more jobs, or lower taxes will tion, greater material growth the workings of the constituways-be-an-England" concepts right-Jack" and "There'll-altrade unionism, the "I'm-all the altars of state socialism. neously lie prostrated before The people of Britain simulta-Repeatedly Western democ-

tions of the world think that governmental formulas known sadly mistaken. All the ideo they can continue to blindly logies, economic theories and the promised land, they are follow such shopworn idols into If the English-speaking na-

vidual basis. The only One that can do that is the Supreme Ru tion either on a national or indito man will never bring salvaler and Creator of the universe.

more relevant than to this genapostle Peter have never been respect, the words of the ties and catastrophes recorded eration: "Repent therefore, and the order of the day. In this Revelation will ultimately be Olivet prophecy and the book of ideologies, the plagues, calamihaul of their social faiths and fundamental and radical over-Jesus" (Acts 3:19). be blotted out, that times of rein Leviticus 26, Jesus Christ's real Savior] appointed for you presence of the Lord, and that turn again, that your sins may he may send the Christ [the freshing may come from the Until humanity undertakes a

ceives this world (Rev. 18:4). If mation, write for the literature says in the Bible. And if you rent religious beliefs? Study and take inventory of your curested, why not begin to go back you as an individual are inter-Babylon that currently deto come out of the religious that is advertised in this bookwant additional helpful inforthem in the light of what God There is still time for many